

STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME Eighteen

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, NOV. 18, 1937

ROYAL CAFE, STONY PLAIN.

When in Town, Dine at the Royal Cafe.
Home-like Meals. Fine Food.
Fine Service. And Reasonable Prices.
Ice Cream, Soft Drinks, Confectionery. Fruit.

L. M. LARSON, Proprietor.

THE SERVICE GARAGE.

USED CARS, GUARANTEED.

1930 CHEVROLET CLUB SEDAN
1930 CHEVROLET COACH
1928 CHRYSLER COUPE
1928 CHEVROLET COACH
1934 INTERNATIONAL TRUCK

These Cars have been Completely Reconditioned and are in Excellent Shape.

Sommerfield & Mayer,

Agents for CHEVROLET and OLDSMOBILE CARS
Agents for British America Oil Co. and all its Products.
MASSEY-HARRIS AGENTS.

Used Gas Engines and Used Machinery.

SERVICE GARAGE, Stony Plain.



Successful Poultrymen!

Are demanding the "Gillespie Maid" brand poultry and Dairy Feeds. Why? Because they are scientifically blended, machine mixed, contain the highest quality ingredients and produce the desired results.
See our nearest elevator agent.

GILLESPIE GRAIN CO. LTD.

The World of Wheat.

By H. G. L. Strange, Director Research Department,
Saskatchewan Grain Co. Ltd.

"What with germination, generation, grade, registration and certification, Canadian seed requirements are very complicated." So said an American friend to me.

"I admit that at first glance they do seem complicated," I replied, "but the sale of Canadian grains, particularly wheat, on world's markets, depends upon quality, and these seed classifications promote quality."

"However, you have forgotten Licensing," I went on. "The most important requirement of all."

The Canada Seed Act forbids anyone to sell seeds of any variety unless that particular variety has been licensed by the Dominion Government.

Only varieties suitable for use in Canada are licensed; so undesirable kinds, and those only "just as good" are kept out of our country.

In addition, all seeds of any classification offered for sale must have a Seed Control Certificate. This guarantees that the germination is satisfactory, and that the content of weed seeds or of seeds of other kinds of grain, is not more than is permitted by law.

S.C. Rally on Saturday.

The fact that it was the 13th of the month did not affect the attendance at the Social Credit mass meeting here on Saturday evening. The crowd had gathered early and by the time the meeting was called to order there was standing room only.

Mr. C. Wood, president of the Constituency Association, presided. The Sun was led to believe that Hon. Solon Low, Provincial Treasurer, and Hon. W. A. Fallow, Minister of Public Works would be present, but these were said to be unavoidably absent.

Those on the platform with the President, were our member Mr. Hayes, W. H. Ray of Marwayne, and assemblyman Berg, M.L.A. for Alexandria.

Mr. Hayes was the first speaker up. He was pleased to see such a large turnout, and made a statement concerning the road work. He stated every contract let for road work contained a clause making it obligatory for a contractor to hire sixty percent of his help locally and stated this was done on highway sixteen, when gravel work was done.

He mentioned that he had broadcast an address over station CJCA on the evening of Thursday, Nov. 4th, under the auspices of the Social Credit Board, and wondered how many of those present had heard him on that occasion. In case any had not heard him then, he undertook to re-read this address, which he did. In mentioning the Jasper Highway, he stated the work on this road would be recommended early in the Spring, the grading being done all the way up to Jasper Park, with a "four way road." He took to task those of the Opposition who had been making scurrilous statements regarding the work being done by the Provincial Government. He carried news of the good work being done in this Constituency, as reported at the convention in the afternoon, and drew the attention of those residents in the western and southwestern portions of the Stony Plain Constituency that he would shortly start a tour of that portion of the Riding, and hold meetings at the various places on route.

Mr. Berg gave a graphic description of the misery and distress he had witnessed in the places he had visited in the company of the Hon. D. B. Mullen, Minister of Agriculture. In driving up to one "shack he had noticed three children outside. The party went into the shack and saw a man straw on the floor in a corner with gunnysacks for covering. In the opposite corner was a similar layout—straw on the floor and gunnysacks for covering. Mr. Berg stated that if those who are attempting to hinder the Government in its good work of alleviating the misery and suffering of the people of the province, they would certainly cease their destructive tactics. As his constituency borders on the Saskatchewan Province, he stated that the people from the latter Province attend the Social Credit meetings at Alberta points whenever this is possible and express great enthusiasm for the great cause.

HARDWICK'S

YOUR HOME TOWN STORE.

These Are a Special Purchase!

Wool Worsted Hose for Misses and Children; heels and toes reinforced; sizes 6 to 7, 39c pair; sizes 7-12 to 10, 49c pair.

Buck Moccasins for Growing Girls; fancy stitching and colored beading; hand sewn thru-out; sizes 3 to 6, \$1.95 per pair.

Brassiers for Young Figures; washable rayon figured cotton; "always a perfect fit"; sizes 30 to 38 bust. 39c each.

Leather Helmets for Boys, lined with suede cloth; your boy will be proud to wear one of these; black or brown; sizes: small, medium and large. Special, each 98c.

Boys' Sturdy Boots for everyday wear; first grade soles; first for comfort; first for service; black only; sizes 1 to 6. \$2.75 pair.

Grocery Specials---Lots of them

Peaches, Muir choice; priced at 2 lbs. 35c.

Nabob Extract, lemon or vanilla; 19c bottle.

Sultana Raisins; extra fancy. 2 pounds 39c.

Reidell's Honey, No. 1; 5-pound tin, 49c.

Cocoanut, for your Cocoanut Pie, 15c half-pd.

Glace Cherries, none finer. 2 packages 19c.

Nabob Spices, handy shaker tins; 2 tins 15c.

Get It at HARDWICK'S.

AGENTS ALBERTA DAIRY POOL.

Mr. Ray was announced as one of the original organizers when Social Credit campaigning was started early in 1935. Mr. Ray had been engaged in a number of occupations before joining up with Social Credit forces, including that of being a clerk in a brokers office.

Mr. Ray had his blackboard with him and described by diagrams, operation which take place all the present time which the article produced reaches the ultimate consumer. He checked over

one of the statements made on behalf of Technocracy, including those made by Scott Howard, its chief exponent.

He urged Social Crediters to stick together, as it was only by doing so they would achieve their end—more purchasing power and a lower living cost.

Shortly after Mr. Ray commenced his address Mr. McKenna went around with the hat, collecting to defray the expenses of hiring the hall. About \$20 is said to have been collected.

Municipal District of Inga No. 520

Notice to Ratepayers!

"The Local Tax Arrears Consolidation Act, 1935."

Under the provisions of the above mentioned Act, the Council are prepared to receive applications for the Consolidation of Arrears of Taxes on lands liable to Tax Recovery proceedings.

Appropriate discounts allowed on Consolidated Arrears. Payments of which can be made in 5 equal instalments.

Applications will be received not later than the 1st day of December, 1937. Apply to

Jos. Best, Sec.-Treas., Duffield, Alta.

The Big Interests

One is sometimes tempted to wonder why those so-called old-fashioned virtues—thrift, hard work, prudence and integrity—are so frequently sneered at nowadays and discounted as something that is out-moded and therefore, if not actually to be abhorred, at least something to be ashamed of.

Despite the fact that history, and particularly comparatively recent history, abounds with the names of men who from little or nothing have built up great industries, have risen to wealth or power, by the application of these virtues, the ability and foresight, it would appear as if they were to be condemned, and the capitalist "system" which in combination with a democratic form of government gives the poor boy an opportunity to rise from the ranks ought to be relegated to the ash heap, if some proponents of upheaval are to be believed.

Without holding any particular brief for capitalism and the capitalists one cannot help but deplore a good deal of the loose talk which is indulged in, all too frequently, in which the capitalist is held up as the foe of the common man and such terms as "the big interests" and the "fifty big shots" are used to express contempt; if not hatred, for those who have got along in a competitive world by their own efforts, and in whose success the world (not borne out by statistics in the United States and Canada) "the rich are becoming richer and the poor are becoming poorer," pass for currency and are accepted by some as gospel.

It would almost seem as if some of the facts are forgotten; that, for instance, without capital labor could achieve nothing of consequence; that the co-operative efforts of capital and labor have made the luxuries of yesterday the necessities of to-day and that inevitably the luxuries of to-day will become the necessities of tomorrow and that nowhere in the world have these achievements approached the zenith as they have in the countries of this continent where free rein has been given to individual effort under a democratic capital-labor system to an extent as yet unrealized elsewhere in actual practice.

Citing a number of illustrations of men who have risen to important posts in industry J. Lambert Payne writing in the Ottawa Journal refers, among many others, to Walter P. Chrysler, whose story is an extraordinary tribute to these old-fashioned virtues, and the late John R. Booth, of Ottawa, and goes on to say:

"Instead of wealth being in the hands of a predatory few, as is often alleged, its diffusion is the salient fact of our time. As a matter of fact, in Canada, it is literally in the hands of millions. . . . There is not a trace of cohesion or co-operation among the capitalists (referring to allegations that the big interests combine to thwart the will of the people). Chrysler and Booth had to meet strenuous rivalry at every step in their progress; and for that reason, so patent to the judicial mind, we use a misleading word when speak of capitalism as 'a system'."

"Moreover," as Mr. Payne points out, "the exorcism of capitalism in certain quarters ignores the fact that it has existed since organized society began, and," he concludes, "will likely persist. Commerce is impossible without it."

And not in industry alone has capital, so far in the history of the world, been one of the two essential factors to civilized progress, but it is also an important element in agriculture. Every farmer is himself an illustration of the co-operative effect of capital and labor, for every farmer is both a capitalist and a laborer. Every man who purchases a half section of land and a line of implements and power to operate them becomes a capitalist and when, in addition to that, he hires a man to operate some of his machinery he places himself in the category of a capitalist employer of labor.

And every farmer who has employed one or more men knows that there must be co-operation and accord between himself and his hired man if both, or either, are to attain maximum results.

It has often been said that there is nothing new under the sun and that is true of efforts to destroy capitalism. The same cry has been raised during every depression which has struck industry on the North American continent as was aptly pointed out, with examples, in a recent issue of a popular magazine.

If past history is to be regarded as a guide, it is probably fairly safe to assume that with the return of prosperity, the baiting of what is regarded as "the big interests" will disappear as people become more occupied with efforts to advance their own interests, provided that while they are doing so they are not unmindful of their obligations to others.

In the agricultural west which has been so hard hit recently, and in those sections which are still facing the dire results of prolonged drought, the disappearance of the aid at capital may be retarded, but the time will in all probability come when the rank and file will look back in retrospect and wonder what it was all about.

London's Passenger Trains

Over 7,000 Arrive And Leave Terminals Every Day

The British Railways Press Office announces that over 7,000 passenger trains arrive and leave London's seven main terminals every day, an average of five trains a minute. There are in Britain nearly twice as many passenger and freight trains for every mile of track as there are in France, and more than five times as many as there are in the United States—Port Arthur News-Chronicle.

To protect peasants against high prices of unscrupulous middlemen, the Hungarian government has instituted the practice of posting price ceilings daily in the nation's post-offices.

RHEUMATIC PAINS are TORTURE!

Don't let rheumatic pains make your life miserable. Painful aches from faulty kidney action are probably the cause. GIN Pills drive out these poisons by acting up the kidneys so they can filter the blood properly. "Purge their waste through their urine!"

GIN PILLS
FOR THE KIDNEYS

Leaves Post

Aide-de-Camp To Lord Tweedsmuir To Rejoins Royal Navy

Lieutenant S. G. Rivers-Smith has relinquished his post as aide-de-camp to the governor-general and left for England to rejoin the royal navy, which he left for service with Lord Tweedsmuir.

Rivers-Smith chose to leave his post at Ottawa one year before his term expired, feeling he would lose contact with developments in the navy if he remained longer.

Last summer Rivers-Smith accompanied the governor-general on the complete itinerary of his tour through the northwest and British Columbia. He was the only member of Lord Tweedsmuir's staff who covered the whole journey of more than 10,000 miles.

His successor is Lieut. R. Scott, also of the royal navy.

Well Qualified

"So," said the old general, "you think you would make a good valet for an old wreck like me, do you? I have a glass eye, a wooden leg, and a wax arm that need looking after, not to mention false teeth and so forth."

"Oh, that's all right, sir," replied the applicant, enthusiastically; "I've had lots of experience. I worked for six years in the assembling department of a motor car factory."

Instructor: "You say in this paper that you know the connecting link between the animal and vegetable kingdoms. What is it?"

Student: "Stew."

LISTEN...
on Friday Night
"CANADA-1937"
IMPERIAL TOBACCO'S
INSPIRING PROGRAM
EVERY FRIDAY NIGHT
On a National
Coast to Coast Network

Will Not Be Published

Novelist Has Recipes Used By Famous Italian Poisoners

There is a bank in London which has in its vaults secret recipes of all the deadly poisons known to the Borgias, the famous Italian poisoners.

They have been placed there for safety by a woman who is afraid they may get into the hands of the wrong people.

She is Miss Kitty Shannon, novelist daughter of the late Sir James Shannon, the famous R.A.

When she decided to write her sixth novel—about the Borgias—Miss Shannon went to Italy to hunt up the poisons they used for inclusion in the book.

Miss Shannon told the Daily Sketch: "I advertised in a Rome paper for somebody who knew the recipes."

"The first thing that happened was that I had a visit from police officials, but I was able to reassure them that I had no evil intentions."

Then I had a visit from a chemist; in fact, one of my ancestors had prepared poisons for the Borgias. He gave me the recipes for ten different poisons.

"I was appalled by the simplicity of some of them. One, which I dare not reveal, is so simple that it can be prepared from boiling down three different weeds that you tread underfoot any time you go for a country walk. One drop of it will kill you in about fifteen minutes."

"And now there is a little difficulty over my book. The poison recipes were to have been included in it, but the publishers are also nervous."

"So some of the Borgia poisons will have to remain secret. They will stay at the bank until I destroy them. They are too big a responsibility."

The Word Hydro

Means Something Apart From Electric Power In Britain

In Canada, the word "Hydro" usually refers to one of the country's most vital assets, hydro-electric power. It's a different story in Britain, where the people usually think of a hotel when "Hydro" is mentioned. The term is short for "Hydrophobic," English and Scottish Hydros are usually temperance hotels where water cures are the thing.

Canadians learned something about them during the visit of 22 Scottish hotelkeepers and their wives. The party, organized under the joint auspices of the Scottish Travel Association and the Hotels and Restaurants' Association of Great Britain, spent a day at Ottawa, seeing the Parliament Buildings and other aspects of the capital and making a thorough inspection tour of The Chateau Laurier, where they were entertained to dinner by the Canadian National Railways hotel department.

Two Hydros were represented in the group—one at Peebles and the other at Skelmorlie. Hotel names in the list that seemed particularly romantic to Canadian ears were the Uglade Arms of Machrihanish, the Duke of Gordon Hotel of Kingsvale, and the Baillie Nicol Jarvie of Aberfoyle. The last is named after a popular Walter Scott character, the magistrate in "Rob Roy."—C.N.R. News Bulletin.

Claimed to be the largest in the world, a pearl nine inches long by 8½ wide has been found in a giant clam in the Philippine Islands. Of scientific interest, it is not of a commercial type.

A small jointed animal, related to the fresh water shrimp, is parasitic on the skin of whales and is known as the whale louse.

The sawfly builds its cocoon with a lid, through which it may escape.

Bar Canadian Nurses

American Officials To Take Steps To Prevent Their Entry To U.S.

James Houghteling, United States immigration commissioner, in a letter made public by the National Nurses' Association, said immediate steps would be taken to prevent the further entry of job-seeking Canadian nurses into the United States.

The association recently protested to Labor Secretary Perkins against what it called the "wholesale" importation of Canadian nurses to hospitals in New York state and elsewhere "to the detriment of qualified graduate American nurses in New York and the entire United States."

The protest was referred to Houghteling, who replied:

"I have been examining the records and am inclined to agree with you that the courtesy we have been extending to this class of Canadian visitor has been overdone. . . ."

"I am therefore issuing instructions to our officers on the Canadian border that while Canadian nurses may be admitted on visitors' permits for ordinary visits on cases which require temporary entry into the United States, visitors' permits shall no longer be issued for the purpose of enabling Canadian nurses to come into this country to take jobs here."

Statue Of Christ

Erected On Barren Rocky Eminence On Bering Sea

A life-size statue of Christ faces Russia across the Bering sea from the highest point of land on lonely Christ the King Island, erected by the island's population of 190 Roman Catholic Eskimos as a symbol of Christ's love.

Details of the statue and its dedication were revealed in New York by Miss Felicity Burnell, niece of the late Matt Samuel J. Kitson, widow of the famous British sculptor. Mrs. Kitson, before she died seven months ago, completed the statue her husband started.

Father Bernard R. Hubbard, the "glacier priest," scientist and explorer is responsible for the erection of the statue on the barren rocky eminence rising 900 feet above sea level, 85 miles from Nome.

There are 70,000 public houses in England, of which 28,000 have been rebuilt or modernized since 1935.

Westminster is London's most dangerous borough, according to statistics of road accidents, while Stoke Newington is the safest.

One elephant examined in a survey was found to have a heart that beat only 22 times per minute.

The British general post office delivers 20,000,000 letters daily, in addition to parcels.

A REVOLUTION IN THE KITCHEN

Presto-Pack is a new and revolutionary way of handling Household Waxed Tissue. 45 sheets packed in an envelope which you hang on the wall. Then as you require it, just draw out a sheet at a time. You can't draw more. That's the beauty of it.

Try Presto-Pack today. You'll find it the handiest thing in the kitchen.

At grocers, druggists, stationers and department stores.

PRESTO-PACK
APPLEFORD PAPER PRODUCTS LIMITED
HAMILTON ONTARIO

Warehouses at Calgary, Regina and Winnipeg

AT 83 SHE DEFIES RHEUMATISM

After Suffering Acute Pain For Years

Rheumatism first attacked this old lady in 1931, and gradually spread from her arms to other parts of her body. Then she started to take Kruschen Salts, and now she sends the following letter in her own handwriting:

"I have suffered from rheumatism since 1931. At first, I felt acute pain in both arms. I could not sleep for pain. It grew worse, and gradually crept down to the tips of my fingers. Next it reached my knees and ankles, which made me quite helpless for a long period. A friend recommended me to take Kruschen Salts. I find they do me more good than any other medicine, liniment or ointment I ever used. This is my own writing, though I am in my 84th year (Mrs. J. H.)."

The pains and stiffness of rheumatism are often caused by deposits of needle-pointed uric acid crystals in the muscles and joints. Kruschen Salts stimulate your liver and kidneys to healthy, regular action, and assist them to get rid of the excess uric acid which is frequently the cause of your suffering.

No Harm Resulted

Woman Worried Over Breakfast She Gave Her Husband

Stanley Ditzel, switchboard operator in the Town Hall at West Orange, New Jersey, received a call from an excited woman who asked for the Board of Health.

"The life is busy, madam," said Mr. Ditzel.

"Oh, you help me, please," she pleaded. "After my husband left for work this morning, I discovered I made a terrible mess. I gave our dog chopped meat, which I was going to make into patties for my husband's breakfast, and gave my husband patties made of canned dog food. What shall I do?"

A dog owner himself, Mr. Ditzel assured her no harm would result. Relieved, she explained that neither her husband nor the dog seemed to be any the worse for the error, although she had been worried. She did not give her name.

West Africa is the home of the world's smallest antelope. It stands only a little more than 12 inches high at the shoulders.

IMPORTED YARNS

Woolcraft of Regina are mill agents and stockists of Shirel Knitting Yarn, Black Box, French Tapestry Supplies, Persian, Pett Point Silks and Gauze, etc., and also of the famous "Woolcraft" Tapestry and American Knitting Publications. A. Barnett Knitting Needles. Free samples and nearest supply houses on request. Trade enquiries solicited.

WOOLCRAFT - REGINA



Cree Indian From West Makes Trip From Winnipeg To Ottawa In A Rowboat

Efficiently shrugging his bronzed and muscular shoulders, a full-blooded Cree Indian chief and medicine man derided the Hollywood conception of his people as entirely exaggerated, and debunked the cowboy as an utterly unromantic creature who carried firearms to protect himself from coyotes and stampeding cattle.

Chief O-Ke-Mow My-E-Gun, known as Lone Wolf, stopped over in Chatham on his way home from Ottawa after a single-handed trip from Winnipeg in a 19-foot rowboat, "The Rowing Jane." He rowed 1,750 miles, and the trip lasted from April 15 to October 9.

Service with the 46th South Saskatchewan Battalion, and Private George Edward O'Neilson, chief of Lone Wolf many years of suffering from chronic bronchial asthma as the result of a gas attack, and he has sought to regain his health by living a strenuous explorer's life out-of-doors.

Rowing every inch of the way from Winnipeg to Ottawa, stripped to the waist, completed his cure, and Chief Lone Wolf is again a magnificent figure of a man, despite his 57 years. Three years ago he rowed 3,500 miles on a similar trip, from Winnipeg as far as the Ottawa River, and then back by way of the French River and Georgian Bay.

His route this time, as he continued building himself a new set of lungs, was from Winnipeg along the Red River, the Lake of the Woods and the Rainy River. He entered Lake Superior, rowed thence to the north channel of Lake Huron between the Manitoulin Islands and the mainland, then along the north shore of Georgian Bay to Midland, and thence down the Trent Canal to Ottawa.

Averaging better than 10 miles a day in "The Rowing Jane," Chief Lone Wolf ate, drank, slept and was merry in his faithful craft, which was in reality an old yacht hull with the engine removed. With him he had a spring bed, which he slept upon low in the boat, an ample ladder, cooking utensils, fishing tackle and personal effects.

Though most of his travelling was done in the day time, Chief Lone Wolf took advantage of moonlight nights to make up for time lost through delay caused by stormy weather. He was close to nasty weather in the northern lakes that slowed his progress, but he experienced no storms personally.

The Cree chief and medicine man is far from being a savage—he is a cultured, polished gentleman with only pity and regret for the white man's distorted picture of his people. He is the son of Chief Gray Eagle, who surrendered to General Middleton along with the famous Chief Poundmaker when Lone Wolf was five years of age. Lone Wolf was born in 1880, on the present site of Calgary.

Chief Lone Wolf's early schooling was from Donald Smith, later Lord Strathcona. Lord Strathcona's second wife was a full blooded Cree Indian woman, the chief recalled.

Lone Wolf spent seven years in Bristol, Eng., three in Paris and a year in Germany, before returning to Canada to lead the explorer's life he loves and has always tried to live. "The motion picture conception of the Canadian Indian is a complete exaggeration," Chief Lone Wolf said. "I don't see why parents—and yes, ministers of the gospel—allow children to go to see pictures showing Indians using tomahawks and scalping."

The cowboy of the past was far from a romantic hero, and his usual uniform of a pair of overalls came from lack of money for a better costume, Chief Lone Wolf said. It is true he carried guns, but only to protect himself from coyotes, wild bulls, stampeding cattle, and on rare occasions, said, the chief went on.

"The Cree are thoroughly Canadian in origin, as they settled in western Canada 1,417 years before the birth of Christ, Chief Lone Wolf explained. "We are the true Asiatic people, I believe," he said. "We are really often mistaken for white men. There were complete Indians and red-heads

among the Cree before the white men came." The Indian is less affected by receiving treaty money than the white man is by unemployment relief, in Chief Lone Wolf's opinion.

"Guns have become lazy," he admitted, "but that has been the same with the white man on relief."

Relief recipients who do not want to work meet with scant favor in Chief Lone Wolf's eyes, and he pointed out that relief expenditures must come out of the Indian's pocket too. While some white men refuse to go off to relief to work, the Indian will go out in the woods with his gun, fish nets and traps, and at least bring back wood for his women to weave into baskets, Chief Lone Wolf said.

"The man who says that the Indian is lazy because of the treaty money he receives is a prevaricator," Chief Lone Wolf asserted.

The Cree resemble the Chipewyan as far as language is concerned. Words are often similar in the two tribes, the chief said. His people rarely intermarry with other Indian tribes, though a number have done so with Scotch and French settlers, he said.

The Cree was a truly peaceful Indian. Galley Two—Cree Indian

dian until the Blackfoot from the south invaded their lands and spread assassination through his people, at the time of the two buffalo runs before the last of the great herds vanished from the plains, Chief Lone Wolf said.

"I'd like to give your college students and school pupils the true story of our people," he said, with flashing eyes. "It is no truth in to-day's conception of the Indian, as 'heav' had Indian' who goes in for scalping."

He told of rebuking a mother who used to frighten her children into good behavior by threatening to have Chief Lone Wolf scalp them, telling her that Indians will not hurt children and that the suggestion was painful to him.

"My parents never told me to fear a Chinaman," Chief Lone Wolf said, comparing Indian tolerance to that of the white man.

The First Horseless Carriage

Description Which Was Contained In Prospectus Is Interesting

This machine on. This year marks the 49th anniversary of the formation of the first automobile company, the stockholders of which on August 1, 1897, authorized their president to "build one horseless carriage as nearly perfect a machine as possible. This car was completed within the year and performed satisfactorily on the road. It was, however, branded as impractical by the public. This horseless carriage was described in the prospectus as follows:

Underneath the box, and in every way independent of it, is a 5-h.p. gasoline motor, which in operation makes scarcely any vibration. The vehicle is steered with the left hand. The lever at the right of the boggy, when thrown forward, throws in the back gear; when turned in the opposite direction a fourth of a turn it throws in a four-mile speed, which is used for rough roads and hill climbing. If higher speed is desired another quarter turn gives eight miles an hour, still another is 12 miles an hour, and if still greater speed is desired the speed is increased at the governor of the motor and as high as 18 miles can be obtained.

The machinery is very simple, not even a counter-shaft used in its construction. It is practically noiseless and impossible to explode, as the fuel supply is below the engine—National Revenue Review.

Viceroy Is Proper Title

What is it difficult, perhaps, to see why there is any "urgent need" for a change in the title, it is certainly true that His Excellency is here as the personal representative of the King—the embodiment of the Monarchy in Canada. Though styled Governor-General, he is, nevertheless, Viceroy of Canada.

Orderly Market Control

Britain Has Been In Consultation With Dominion on Question

Sir John Simon, chancellor of the exchequer, told the House of Commons that there had been consultations between the government and the Dominion with a view to orderly control of the foodstuffs market.

The statement came as the chancellor answered a charge made by Hugh Dalton, Labor leader in the debate that the government turned down a trade proposal by New Zealand.

Dalton said New Zealand last spring offered to send Great Britain an unlimited quantity of dairy products, proposing to devote the British funds received from these products, after deducting shipping charges, to purchase of British manufactured goods.

The chancellor of the exchequer said the plan would be difficult to operate because it involved the earmarking of exchange.

The Dominions as a whole had an interest in these matters "and there is no statutory, quantitative regulation of principal foodstuffs from the Dominions," he said. "There have been consultations between ourselves and the Dominions with a view to orderly control of the market and for the purpose of maintaining the maximum possible supplies to the consumer, consistent with a reasonable remuneration for the producer."

Value Of Cheese

Encouraging Canadians To Consume

More Of This Canadian Product
It has always seemed remarkably strange to me that notwithstanding the fact that it is generally conceded that Canada makes the best Cheddar cheese in the world, yet Canadian eat less cheese than the people of any other country," said James G. Gardiner, Dominion Minister of Agriculture, when speaking on behalf of National Cheese Week. The per capita consumption of cheese in Canada is only 3 1/2 pounds compared with 9 1/2 pounds in Great Britain, where practically all Canadian cheese is exported as a ready market.

"National Cheese Week is promoted by the National Dairy Council of Canada for the purpose of encouraging Canadians to become more familiar with cheese as a product notably high in food value, and so low in price as to be within the reach of the most modest purse. We are so convinced that cheese can properly form a much greater place in the diet of the West," continued Mr. Gardiner, "that we are sending 2,000,000 pounds to this area, suffering from drought, to be distributed with the double purpose of providing those presently in need and at the same time encouraging greater consumption of cheese in times when the people of the area can purchase."

Oberlin scientists find that doses of Vitamin A administered to motorists, tend to prevent automobile accidents at night. That discovery should help some until a way is found to provide the drivers with new sets of brains.

History Of Abandoned Town In Rockies That Was Prosperous Fifty Years Ago

Keeping Rainfall Records

The Advantages Of A Rain Gauge On Every Farm

Precipitation is the limiting factor in crop production in the drier areas of southern Alberta, southern Saskatchewan and southwestern Manitoba. It is expedient, therefore, that every farmer in these areas know as much as possible of the actual moisture which falls in the form of rain so that he may be able to farm most efficiently.

Rainfall records form a valuable index to crop possibilities. In general, in years where the seasonal rainfall (April, May, June and July) is above normal there has been a better than average crop (1915, 1916 (ruined), 1923, 1927, 1928, 1932, 1933 (ruined). In the years which have higher than average seasonal rainfall, together with good fall moisture the previous year, there was also an exceptionally good crop (1915, 1928).

Total figures of precipitation, however, mean little in themselves; their value is determined by how the moisture comes (whether in light or heavy showers), by the temperature following a storm and by many other factors. A rain of less than one-quarter inch is of little value unless it occurs during a cool rainy spell. The value of a heavy thunderstorm or cloudburst is determined, partly, by the amount of moisture that runs off at that time.

Storms are usually very local. Rain gauges located at the Dominion Experimental Station, Swift Current, within a few hundred yards of each other indicate a wide variation in some showers. The fact that this variation in rainfall exists, coupled with the value which can be obtained from rainfall figures, justifies the use of a rain gauge on every farm, particularly in the drought area.

School Credits

May Be Given In Ontario For Music Study

School credits soon may be given to students for music study done outside schools with private teachers, according to Roy Fenwick, supervisor of music, Ontario Department of Education. Addressing the annual faculty luncheon of the Toronto Conservatory of Music, Mr. Fenwick said the department at present was engaged in a study of the question of music credits in schools and if such study revealed feasibility of the plan, regulations would be issued to permit its being put into operation.

A rasp-like organ with which it can bore through the shells of oysters to devour them is a characteristic feature of the sea whelk.

Cross-eyed doctors are considered most capable and enjoy the greatest popularity in Central Turkistan.

Quickly Knitted in Stockinette Stitch

Household Art by Alice Brooks

Smart Blouse and Skirt Full Immediate Need

PATTERN 5655

Like a gay addition to your "all year 'round" wardrobe? Of course you would! Then take a tip and knit this fetching blouse. You'll love the laceless of a pointed yoke, so prettily set off by plain stockinette stitch, and are sure to adore the snug fit of ribbing across the hips. Ribbing also bands the simple sleeves. Knit it of soft-colored striped or yarn, in one of the new shades! In pattern 5655 you will find instructions for making the blouse and skirt in sizes 16-18 and 20-22; an illustration of the blouse and of all stitches used; material requirements.

To obtain this pattern and 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

There is a kind of melancholy fascination surrounding "ghost towns." Generally these places are remnants of mining enterprises which have closed down, leaving the inhabitants of the town no alternative but to move on to new fields. Such towns are common in the western United States, notably in Nevada, and there are many in British Columbia. But it is not generally known that there are one or two such spots in Alberta. Such a place is "Silver City," near Castle Mountain station in Banff National Park. Half a century ago it was a thriving town. To-day, although it is on one of the main routes of travel, thousands of tourists passing the place every year without suspecting that Silver City ever existed.

The history of Silver City goes back to the early "eighties" when the Canadian Pacific Railway was built east of Calgary. The snow had been considerable activity in the Bow Valley above Calgary at that time, and late in 1883 or early in 1885 news leaked out that a rich silver strike had been made near Castle Mountain.

Men flocked to the spot in hundreds in the early Spring of 1885. Among these was Joseph Smith, then a workman on C.P.R., construction east of Calgary. The snow had hardly left the Bow Valley in the Spring of that year when he arrived at the scene of the "strike" with a prospector's outfit. Smith immediately set about building a hotel, and when sometime later the railroad builders reached the spot he was already doing a thriving business.

Silver City prospered for about three years. Then about 1888 the fact was finally realized that silver ore did not exist there in paying quantities. Almost overnight nearly every inhabitant moved away. Yet at the height of the boom the community is said to have had a population of 3,000. If this is accurate, Silver City must at that time have been one of the most important points between Winnipeg and Vancouver.

Until this month Silver City still had no inhabitant. He was Joseph Smith, whose faith in the silver mines of Castle Mountain had never waned. For over 50 years he had lived in his cabin near Castle Mountain station, making a scant living by mining small quantities of silver ore in the summer and trapping in the winter.

This fall he was 94 years old, and advancing age making it impossible for him to carry on any longer. He abandoned his cabin.

To-day all that remains there is the old cabin and two tumbledown warehouses. Even the name has been lost sight of and the place is simply referred to as Castle Mountain station. In the literature of the national parks it is not mentioned—Edmonton Journal.

Market For Turnips

United States Takes All Turnips Canada Can Spare

The best export market for turnips grown in Canada is the United States. Of the total exports of turnips in fiscal year ended March 31, 1937, amounting to 2,928,787 bushels, 2,612,000 bushels went to the United States. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 1936, the exports to the U.S. were 2,375,900 bushels.

Only negligible quantities of turnips are supplied to the United States by other countries so that the U.S. market may be regarded as a dependable one for the Canadian export surplus, depending upon production and business in general. The Canada-United States Trade Agreement which became effective in 1936 reduced the duty on turnips from 25 cents per 100 lbs. to 12 1/2 cents per 100 lbs.

The Go-getter

A couple driving away on their honeymoon collided with a pig. Perhaps it was an accident but it may be that the groom was eager to take advantage of this opportunity to show his bride how he can bring home the bacon, says the Toronto Star.



For quick relief from the itching of eczema, blotches, pimples, athlete's foot, scales, rashes and other skin eruptions, apply Dr. Deane's pure, cooling, antipruritic, liquid D. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. Its gentle oils soothe the irritated skin. Clear, grassy and stainless—dries fast. Stops the most intense itching instantly. A life trial bottle, at drug stores, proves it—no money back. Ask for D. D. D. PRESCRIPTION.



BRITAIN'S FORMER LABOR PREMIER DIES ABOARD SHIP

London.—J. Ramsay MacDonald, who rose from poverty in Scotland to become three prime minister of Great Britain, died suddenly aboard a cruise ship bound for South America, where he had hoped to seek rest and recuperate his health.

Dr. Alistair MacKinnon, Mr. MacDonald's son-in-law, received news by wireless of the death of the United Kingdom's only Labor prime minister. He died aboard the liner *Reina del Pacifico*, apparently of a heart attack.

The body will be taken off the ship at Bermuda and returned to England.

The 71-year-old former prime minister, with his daughter Sheila, sailed for South America in search of what he called "the most elusive of all forms of happiness—rest."

He had planned to visit Peru and Chile and "to return when I have had enough of it."

The day after he departed, Earl Baldwin, his successor as prime minister, paid tribute to Mr. MacDonald in a public address, saying: "I never felt that Mr. MacDonald has left credit given him by the country due for services he rendered it in 1931 and in the years immediately succeeding."

It was in 1931 that Mr. MacDonald formed the National government and in doing so broke with many of his old associates in the Labor party.

Prime Minister Chamberlain received news of his death shortly after addressing the lord mayor's banquet in historic Guildhall, the occasion at which a year ago Mr. MacDonald suffered a sudden collapse.

One of Mr. MacDonald's last comments of a political character was the assertion he could not believe "this war talk," a statement that bore out his year of ardent pacifism. He bitterly opposed both the South African and Great wars, surrendering his leadership of Labor in the House of Commons in 1914 when the party decided to support the war.

Before sailing he said he felt fairly fit but that his eyes troubled him. "I don't see as well as I used to," he said, adding he intended to "think seriously" about writing a book on his turbulent political life.

Immigration Figures Up

In Addition Many Canadians Returned From United States

Ottawa.—Canadian immigration from all countries was 9,272 persons in the six months ended September 30, the immigration branch of the department of mines and resources reported. This compared with 7,005 immigrants in the corresponding period of 1936.

In addition 3,115 Canadians returned from United States during that same period this year compared to 2,975 in the corresponding six months of 1936.

Of the immigration total, 1,896 were from the British Isles, 1,262 English, 220 Irish, 382 Scotch and 32 Welsh. This compared with 1,410 a year ago. From the United States came 3,246 compared with 2,835 in the six months a year ago.

Attack On British Consul

Buenos Aires.—Disclosure was made of an attack by unknown assailants believed to be bandits on British Consul J. G. Baillie and his wife as they returned to their suburban home from an Armistice anniversary ball. Three shots were fired at the British official's car forcing him to stop, but without injury.

Testing Powerful Motor

London.—The world's most powerful aero-motor of its type is being tested here for use in new 40-ton flying boats on the North-Atlantic air service. It is capable of developing 3,575 horsepower and is of the 14-cylinder radial engine type.

Protest Against Milk Price

Toronto.—Embattled housewives of Toronto, 600 strong, decided at a Labor Temple meeting here to reduce consumption of milk to the barest necessity until Toronto dairies bring the price down to 10 cents a quart.

Retreat From Shanghai

Chinese Troops Take Up New Position To Protect Nanking

Shanghai.—Shanghai fell into Japanese hands with the retreat of General Chiang Kai-Shek's Chinese troops who had held out 88 days against combined Japanese army, navy and air forces.

The city was asleep and unaware of its fate when, shortly after midnight, Chinese forces began an orderly, quiet retreat toward their "winter line" protecting Nanking, the capital.

Japanese, apparently, did not learn of the retreat until 8 a.m.

The withdrawal cut off the metropolis from the rest of the nation and bottled up 3,000,000 Chinese residents, 1,000,000 refugees and many thousands of foreigners.

Railroads and highways in all directions were cut or blocked by Japanese, leaving only a few foreign and Japanese vessels as the sole connection with the outside world.

Foreign communities breathed more easily, as if a long siege suddenly had been lifted. The plight of Chinese inhabitants and war refugees was considered tragic, as they had to means to escape and must reconcile themselves to a long period of isolation surrounded by Japanese troops.

Grasshopper Invasion

The 1938 Plague Will Not Be As Heavy In Southern Manitoba As Expected

Winnipeg.—The 1938 grasshopper invasion into southern Manitoba will be heavier than in 1937 but not as serious as anticipated two months ago. Dr. R. D. Bird of the Dominion entomological laboratory at Brandon said in a report to the Manitoba committee for grasshopper prevention.

Heavy flights to southwestern Manitoba last summer led authorities to believe the grasshopper egg deposits would bring serious results next year. However, a survey by the entomological department revealed the egg lay was below the expected mark.

The 1938 infestation will be concentrated in the southwestern portion of the province, Dr. Bird predicted. A small area of severe infestation is likely in the sandy land along the Souris river.

Cable From Belgium

Bourgeoisier Of Mons Addresses Message To Canadian People

Ottawa.—Prime Minister Mackenzie King received and acknowledged on behalf of the nation a cable from the bourgeoisier of Mons, Belgium, recalling the liberation 19 years ago of the city, just before the signing of the armistice that ended the Great War.

The bourgeoisier's message read: "Municipality and citizens of Mons address to Canadian government the expression of their grateful remembrance on the occasion of the anniversary of Mons' liberation by glorious Canadian troops."

Priced At Half Million

Book By Lawrence Of Arabia Exhibited In Boston

New York.—An aerial police escort guarded a thin leather-bound book priced at \$500,000 on a flight to Boston, where it was exhibited at a book fair.

The volume was one of 12 copies of "The Mint" by Col. T. E. Lawrence, known as "Lawrence of Arabia," who set the price and stipulated the work should not be published generally until 1950. No copy has been sold.

Miner Killed In B.C.

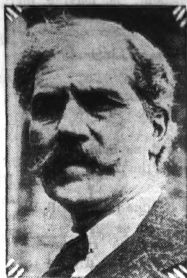
Fell 350 Feet From Scaffold To Bottom Of Shaft

Cranbrook, B.C.—Plunged from a scaffold of cross planks in an old mine at Moyle, Robert Mahon was killed.

Working 60 feet below the surface, Mahon plunged to his death when a plank broke, falling 350 feet to the bottom of the old shaft at the St. Eugene extension mining project at Moyle.

Mahon came here last spring from Cobalt, Ont.

DIES ON CRUISE SHIP



Ramsay MacDonald who became the United Kingdom's first Labor prime minister in January, 1924, lasting until November of that year. He again became premier in 1929. In 1931 he formed the first national government, which he headed until 1935.

Plans New Broadcasts

B.B.C. Will Combat Propaganda Programs Of Other Powers

London.—The Near East, South Africa and South America will receive first attention in the foreign language radio programs planned by Great Britain to overcome propaganda broadcasts by other powers, it has been learned.

The British short wave programs, which probably will be sent out from the station at Daventry, will use Arabic for the Near East, Afrikaans (a kind of Dutch) for South Africa, and Spanish for South America.

Postmaster-General G. L. Tryon announced in the House of Commons cost of the new service will be paid by the British Broadcasting Corporation.

Answering a question from Lieutenant-Commander Reginald Fletcher, Labor, Major Tryon said a probable consequence of this will be that division of proceeds from the radio tax, part of which goes to B.B.C. and part to the government, will be changed.

Official announcement of details of the new service will be made soon.

Plane For Winter Flying

Montreal.—Capt. "Wop" May, Canadian wartime flyer, left Montreal in a new plane constructed to meet winter conditions. It was flown to Edmonton to transport supplies to the base of an expedition formed by Sir Hubert Wilkins to search for six Russian air men lost in August on a transpolar flight.

Wedding Date Postponed

Cairo.—The wedding of King Farouk of Egypt to Farida Zulfikar, 17-year-old daughter of an Egyptian high court judge, was postponed from Jan. 6 to Jan. 20. Farouk, who is 18, became engaged to Farida shortly after he was invested as king on his birthday last July.

THRILLS FOR GIRL FLYER



Miss Jean Batten, photographed at Grosvenor House, London, busy with telephone, telegrams and numerous gifts of flowers the day after her record-breaking flight from Australia.

Desire For Peace

Chamberlain Hopes That World May Be Freed From Curse Of Armaments

London.—Prime Minister Chamberlain voiced anew Great Britain's sincere desire for better relations with Italy and Germany, and declared progress toward understanding could be achieved better "by informal discussion than by public declaration."

Britain wished for agreement "on a basis of mutual friendship," he said. Such an understanding "might have far reaching effects in restoring confidence and security to Europe."

Delivering the traditional review by the prime minister of British and foreign affairs to the historic lord mayor's banquet at the Guildhall, the prime minister, surrounded by Empire and international leaders voiced hope that finally the world would be free from the curse of armaments.

Mr. Chamberlain reaffirmed his desire for Anglo-American co-operation and said:

"As regards our relations with the two great powers which are so closely associated now in what is known as the Rome-Berlin axis, I will only say this: It is the sincere desire of His Majesty's government to see those relations firmly established on a basis of mutual friendship and understanding."

The premier acknowledged the world situation was giving Great Britain anxiety.

"I am convinced that the aim of every statesman worthy of the name, to whatever country he belongs, must be the happiness of the people for whom and to whom he is responsible, and in that faith I am sure a way can, and will, be found to free the world from the curse of armaments and the fears that give rise to them, and to open up a happier and wiser future for mankind."

Will Preserve Friendship

China Refuses To Renounce Her Relations With Russia

Brussels.—China will preserve her friendship with Soviet Russia, she will not renounce to join any group of powers dominated by a particular philosophy, Dr. Wellington Koo, China's representative here, said.

This was China's answer to reports from Berlin a more satisfactory peace between Japan and China might be achieved if China were to adhere to the German-Japanese-Italian anti-Bolshevik pact.

China recently signed a non-aggression pact with Russia. Koo said it contained no secret clauses. China, he added, wants to keep the friendship of all nations, particularly her neighbors.

Must Be United

Montreal.—Canada can grow into real nationhood only if her people are united, Henri Bourassa, independent member of the House of Commons for many years, declared before the Montreal junior board of trade.

PROPOSAL MADE FOR A NATIONAL INSURANCE PLAN

Ottawa.—A national system of unemployment insurance to be initiated at the next session of parliament was proposed in a letter sent by Prime Minister Mackenzie King to premiers of the nine provinces.

Agreement of the provinces on an amendment to the British North America Act would be necessary to empower the federal government to enact the necessary legislation and the letter asked the provincial governments to submit their views.

Should the necessary agreement be forthcoming, Mr. King said, the government proposed to seek the constitutional amendment by the customary joint resolution of both houses of parliament addressed to the parliament of the provinces. He foresaw no difficulty in obtaining the amendment if the provinces were in agreement.

The prime minister hoped also that the constitutional amendment could be obtained in time to present the unemployment measure at the same session. He would not say what particular unemployment insurance scheme was contemplated or whether it would be contributory.

The letter, referring to a recommendation from the national employment commission and added that the government shared "the opinion that a national employment service with federal jurisdiction is a necessary complement of any plan of national unemployment insurance."

Following is a copy of the letter addressed to the premiers, Nov. 5:

"My Dear Premiers:

"My colleagues and I are convinced that a national system of unemployment insurance would contribute materially to individual security and industrial stability throughout Canada and would assist in mitigating the distress incident to any recurrence of widespread unemployment."

"A strong recommendation with respect to national control of employment offices based upon a full investigation of the unemployment situation throughout the Dominion, has been submitted to the government by the national employment commission. We believe the opinion that a national employment service within federal jurisdiction is a necessary complement of any plan of national unemployment insurance."

"We believe it is most desirable that legislation establishing a national system of unemployment insurance and of public employment offices should be enacted. Should it be possible to obtain the co-operation of the governments of the several provinces toward this end, we are prepared, at the next session of parliament, to introduce the necessary measures."

"You will recall that on Jan. 28 of this year, the board of directors of the privy council gave a negative opinion upon a reference as to whether the parliament of Canada had jurisdiction to enact the employment and social insurance act, 1936. Close attention has since been given by officials of the Dominion government to the resulting situation. We have also had the benefit of the counsel and advice of a member of the staff of the international labor office, who is familiar with existing systems of unemployment insurance and who has been placed at the disposal of the government for purposes of consultation by the international labor office."

"It appears to be the general consensus of view that unemployment insurance, if it is to be effectively carried out, should be national in scope. In view, however, of the limited jurisdiction of the parliament of Canada, an amendment to the constitution would seem to be a necessary preliminary to the establishment of a national system."

"In these circumstances, I am writing to the premiers of the several provinces to inquire whether their governments would be agreeable to an amendment being made to the British North America Act empowering the federal parliament to enact unemployment insurance legislation. I should be obliged if, at your early convenience, you would kindly advise me of the views of the government of (name of province)."

STONY PLAIN SUN,

Published Every Thursday at The Sun Office, Stony Plain, Alberta.

Advertising Rates.
Display, Contract 35c.
Readers in Local 12c a line.
Legal and Municipal Notices 12c a line first insertion; 10c a line for subsequent insertions.

Thursday, Nov. 18, 1937.

DR. R. E. JESPERSEN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Graduate Nurse in attendance.
Office and Residence, 1st St. W.
Opp. Town Hall. Phone 1.

G. J. BRYAN, B. A., LL. B.,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
STONY PLAIN.

DR. W. E. WEBBER,
DENTAL SURGEON,
410 Empire Bldg., Edmonton.
PHONE 24555.

At Stony Plain on Fridays.

For Sale, Empire Range, like new. Apply P.O. Box 73. and

For Sale—1 Farm, 320 acres, 200 acres broke. Farm 2, 240 acres, 85 acres broke, all summer fallow. Buildings on both places; 3 miles from Carvel. Fred Schmitke, Stony Plain.

MAN WANTED for Rawleigh Route of 800 families. Write today. Rawleigh, Dept. WGR-98 SA, Winnipeg, Man., Canada.

FOR SALE, School Books—all grades, at reasonable prices. Exercise Books and Scribbles at mill prices. Sun Book Shop.

Chicago Vocational Training Corp. Ltd.

Diesel Division.

We are accepting mechanically inclined men to take training in Diesel Engineering. Excellent opportunities for those who can qualify themselves for this fast growing field. We will gladly forward full information to those interested. Write, stating age, to Box 248 Calgary, Alberta.

Stony Plain and District.

Mrs Peter Yost returned home on Saturday, from a visit with relatives at Alliance.

Mr Philip Baron, a former resident, is leaving for Vernon, B.C., following the good auction sale last week at his farm.

Miss Christine Pailer and Mr Stan Lingeude were visitors in Stony on the holiday.

On Tuesday Evg. Robert Armstrong was seen in "Manhattan Love Song" at Kelly's Hall. There was a good crowd present.

Lutheran services in English will be held in Stony Plain on Sunday evening next, November the 21st. Rev H Kuring, Pastor.

Madam Fontaine, palmist and fortune-teller, will be at Larson's Cafe tomorrow, the 19th.

The Clifford Entertainers are playing a return engagement at Kelly's Hall on Tuesday, Nov. 23d. Dance to follow.

CARD OF THANKS—We intensely express our thanks for the floral offerings given by the Stony Plain School Grades 4, 5, 6 and the teacher. We also wish to say the

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT of INGA No. 520.

NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS!

Ratepayers of Inga Municipal District No. 520 are hereby notified that Secretary-Treas. Best will be at the Royal Hotel, Stony Plain, on SATURDAY, NOV. 27th, at 10 A.M., for the purpose of collecting Taxes.



A Farm Seed Field

"A Seed Field on the Farm" is the title of a pamphlet, just issued by the "Crop Testing Group."

Any farmer desiring a copy of this pamphlet may obtain one free of charge at any Alberta Pacific elevator.

THE ALBERTA PACIFIC GRAIN CO. LTD.

"HERE COMES CHARLIE!"

A 3-Act Comedy, At Kelly's Hall,
FRIDAY, NOV. 19. Edmonton Talent.
DANCE to Follow. 5-piece Orchestra.

same for Mr and Mrs Edkin and Family for their kindness as well as the rest that showed their sympathy for our beloved father.—Mrs. A. Getzinger and Family.

Miss May Scott, who had been visiting at the Pailer home, left Monday for her home at Ardrossan.

A meeting of the local curlers is called for tonight, in the Town Hall.

Ladies Aid of the United Church are holding their annual bazar Sat. Nov. 27.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED at The Royal Cafe.

Hockey Club Meeting.

On Friday last a reorganisation meeting of Stony Plain Senior Hockey Club was held. Mr Philip Enders, as secretary, opened the meeting. Mr Ph. P. Miller was elected President; Mr J H Miller as Vice-President; Mr Edw Enders, Secretary.

Thruout the whole meeting it was merely a discussion of ways in order to raise money enough to finance the club this season. It is understood that the club will need uniforms and a set of goal pads.

A finance committee of three was chosen, these being Messrs W E H Lewis, JWC Miller, F N Miller.

Owing to the fact that the hockey season was drawing near, it was decided that the club members start training at once, under Coach Ph Enders.

A fast brand of hockey is expected this season, and will be produced if the hockey fans of Stony Plain show any co-operation at all. So, remember "It Pays to Be A Sport"—WJG.

Spruce Grove News.

The sale is reported of the two lots on Railroad ave. just east of the Schwiudt Block. The Liquor Commissioner is said to be planning to establish a branch in the new building—when erected.

A whist drive and dance was held Friday evening in the S.G.Hi. schoolhouse, with the dance music supplied by the Baron Boys. The winners were: Ladies, Mrs Beaupre; Mr Stitt secured the prize for cents.

Mr Joseph Weismontel left this week for Edson, to reside.

Spruce Grove was well represented at the big Social Credit doings up at Stony on Saturday.

In Remembrance.

In loving memory of Mrs Marie Swanek, who passed away Nov. 14, 1932.

Peacefully sleeping; resting at last.

The world's weary troubles and trials are past.

In silence she suffered, in patience she bore,

'Till God called her home, to suffer no more.

Ever remembered by her niece Irene, and her sister Florence, at Westlock.

AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT !

The Company's elevators continue to receive a gratifying measure of patronage, not only from shareholders, but also from thousands of other farmer customers. It is such support which in the past has provided the basis for the success of the Company, and which it must be the continued effort of the Company to merit.

In these words, in the last annual report, the Directors of United Grain Growers Limited acknowledged the loyal support of the Company's patrons.

DELIVER YOUR GRAIN TO

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD
ELEVATOR AT GAINFORD.

FARMERS' MEAT MARKET.

FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS.
DRESSED POULTRY.

CATTLE AND HOGS BOUGHT EVERY DAY
THE WEEK.—HIGHEST PRICES PAID.

PHONE SEVEN, STONY PLAIN.

WHEN IN NEED OF PRIN /ING,
GET THE SUN'S PRICES FIRST.

Your Big Opportunity to SAVE MONEY

As a special service to our Subscriber Families we have obtained authority, FOR A LIMITED TIME ONLY, to offer Canada's two largest weekly newspapers in combination with our local paper, at a REMARKABLY LOW COST.

OFFER NO. 1

Family Herald & Weekly Star - 1 Year
and—

BOTH PAPERS ONLY

OFFER NO. 2

Free Press Prairie Farmer - 1 Year
Family Herald & Weekly Star - 1 Year

ALL THREE PAPERS ONLY

Stony Plain Sun \$1.75
One Year

Stony Plain Sun \$2.10
One Year

If so desired National Home Monthly or Canadian Magazine may be substituted for Free Press Prairie Farmer in Offer No. 2.

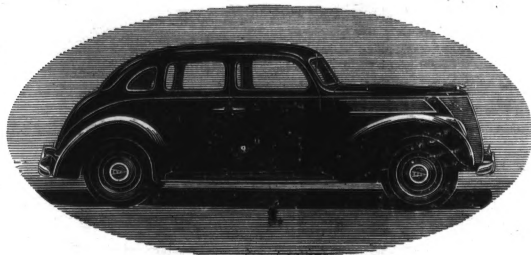
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+++ +++ +++

Send or Bring Your Subscriptions to Our Office,
THE STONY PLAIN SUN.

ANNOUNCING A NEW FORD DEALER



BARON MOTORS, Stony Plain, Alberta.

The Ford Motor Company takes pleasure in announcing this new dealership. The appointment is in keeping with its established policy of providing the highest type of representation in each community.

This new Ford dealer is equipped to render competent service on cars and trucks at low cost. Precision equipment has been installed and all mechanics are thoroughly trained. Only Genuine Ford Parts are used and labour on all ordinary maintenance operations is billed at a standard flat rate.



We invite you to visit this new Ford dealer for service, and also to see the display of Ford V-8 cars. Distinguished this year by two engine sizes, 60 horsepower and 85 horsepower, the 1937 Ford V-8 is creating new standards in motoring economy. New beauty has been combined with the outstanding comfort, safety and performance that have put the Ford in a class by itself.

Today's Ford brings you every modern feature, plus the assurance of satisfactory service and long life.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA LIMITED

"Facts About Grain."

The following items are supplied by the Grain and Milling Advertising Service of Winnipeg:

Today at the Board of Trade offices in London, England, are kept the standards of the measurements of quantity used thruout the British Commonwealth.

There, for example, is housed the original yardstick which sets the standard of measurement of length.

Certainty of measurement is most necessary for the transaction of business.

In olden times the vessels or instruments fixing the volume or length or weight were considered sacred objects and were kept in the temples by the priesthood.

Measurement of quality or grade is a comparatively modern development.

Modern agricultural marketing is considered efficient just insofar as it measures and maintains quality, whether the product be bacon from Denmark, eggs from the Irish Free State or apples from the Okanagan.

Any standard measurement, whether of quantity or quality, if it is to be effective and useful, should be accurate, stable and uniform.

No country has shown such advancement in measurement of quality as Canada has in connection with her grain.

Standards offer a double protection. They protect the farmer-seller and the consumer-purchaser.

The standards of quality or grades of Western grain are determined either by the Board of Grain Commissioners or under their control and supervision.

Grow Your Own Seed



A new pamphlet has been issued by the "Crop Testing Plan" entitled "A Seed Field on the Farm."

It shows an easy way by which any farmer can grow his own seed.

See the nearest Searle or Home Agent for your free copy.

SEARLE GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED

FEDERAL

Farmers are invited to visit our elevators and confer with our agents concerning their grain marketing problems.

FEDERAL GRAIN LIMITED

WINNIPEG - CALGARY - FORT WILLIAM

The Sun Calendar.

November—
19—Comedy, Kelly's Hall
27—United Ladies' Aid Bazar
December—
3—Dance at Holborn

Mr. Unwin Given 3 Months.

Joseph H. Unwin, M.L.A. for Edson Constituency and Government whip in the Alberta Legislature, was sentenced in Edmonton on Friday to three months' imprisonment with hard labor in Fort Saskatchewan Jail for defamatory libel "well knowing the same to be false."

An appeal has been entered.

The Longest Concrete Arch.

The longest concrete arch in America is the center span of the Westinghouse bridge on the Lincoln Highway at East Pittsburgh, Pa. The height from the deepest foundation to the top of the center pier is 284'. Length of center span 460'.

Notice to Creditors and Claimants.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF CHARLES MILLS, LATE OF THE VICINITY OF STONY PLAIN, IN THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA, FARMER, DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named CHARLES MILLS, who died on the 8th day of August, A.D. 1937, are required to file with the undersigned Administrator with Will annexed by the 15th day of December, A.D. 1937, a full statement, duly verified, of their claims and of any securities held by them; and that after that date the Administrator with Will annexed will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which has been brought to his knowledge.

DATED this 20th day of October, 1937.

Official Guardian for the Province of Alberta,
Government Buildings,
EDMONTON, Alberta.

Farm For Sale—320 acres; 155 acres under cultivation; N. half 20, 51, 1w5; has good buildings, well, all fenced. Ole Nordal, Stony Plain, LL

Farm For Sale.

SW. 25, 52, 1 w. 5, just west of Stony Plain; 110 acres under cultivation Jos. Dietrich, Stony Plain.

Beauty Parlor. CATHERINE ASKIN,

A Well known and Qualified Hair Dresser, practicing beauty culture at Stony Plain, on Main St., one door south of Law Office. Prices Reasonable. wr

CLASSIFIED ADS. in The Sun bring results.

